

VOL. XLIII.

PIOCHE, NEVADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1894.

NO. 21.

Another Decline

For Silver and Liable to go Still Lower.

The House Endorses Cleveland's Hawaiian Policy. Repeal of the Federal Election Law.

Mercur Mine Sale Effected For \$750,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Silver, 64 5/8; Lead, \$3.10.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A cable from London last evening states that silver took another drop yesterday, the price of bar silver reaching the lowest point in many years. The morning papers comment upon the fact of silver touching the record price. The Times regards the matter seriously and in a financial article says it very seriously affects many interests. Silver was quoted yesterday at 64 5/8.

Corbett and Mitchell will reproduce their Jacksonville fight in this city for the benefit of the poor.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 8.—It is now a settled fact that the great Mercur gold mine in the Camp Floyd district will shortly pass into the hands of an Eastern syndicate, with Henry R. Wolcott, of Denver, at the head. About \$25,000 was paid on the mine a few days ago. Wolcott gave the owners a check for \$22,000 yesterday. The price agreed upon for the property is said to be \$750,000.

In the Legislature yesterday the Council passed the free employment agency bill, and the House passed the mortgage tax bill. Both of Utah county introduced a bill removing the capital from this city to Provo.

The Union Pacific employees will probably hold a convention at Ogden to consider the new wage schedule.

A special from Washington states that by a vote of 175 to 57 the House yesterday adopted a resolution condemning Minister Stevens and sustaining the Hawaiian policy of Cleveland.

Another special from Washington says that the members supporting the miners interest there are almost disheartened. They had been promised a full hearing in the Senate and made every preparation to lay before the committee every detail necessary to a full understanding of the needs of the mining country. Nothing now remains but to make a fight upon the floor of the Senate.

Indignation over the action of the Senate committee on finance in refusing tariff hearings to the assailed industries is at white heat. It is said that the Democrats of the committee have made terms with Southern Democrats, and will receive their votes in return for concessions to be made on sugar, iron and coal. Wool and silver lead ores are to remain on the free list.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The bill repealing the Federal Elections law, passed the Senate yesterday by a vote of 39 to 23. The bill now goes to the President for signature.

The plethora of gold has become so burdensome to the New York banks that they offer to exchange it for paper of any sort, even silver certificates.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 7.—An expedition is being formed to operate against the rebellious Yaqui Indians of Northern Mexico, which it is hoped will be effectual in completely breaking the power of the tribe. The plan of exterminating the tribe will be adopted if they do not surrender sooner.

General McCook of the United States forces will co-operate from this side.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Governor of Sierra Leone telegraphs confirmation of the report of another engagement, between the French and British forces on the frontier of Sierra Leone and says that several were killed on both sides. The French attacked the British whose forces consisted entirely of natives. Touching the affair the Pall Mall Gazette says: "We cannot have these things happen daily. No time should be lost in settling the affair with France."

ODENSE, Feb. 6.—A prize fight took place here last night between Thompson, a colored fighter from Salt Lake, and Purcell of San Francisco, for \$75 and gate receipts. Purcell offered to knock Thompson out inside of ten rounds. A good crowd was in attendance. Purcell failed to fill his contract and at the end of ten rounds Thompson took the purse.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The death of George W. Childs is now a question of but a few hours. A change for the worse came about ten o'clock, when there was a morbid embarrassment of respiration, and since midnight it has been noticed that the pulse is flagging. "The case is now hopeless," added the physician. "Of course we cannot give any more definite information than this. Mr. Childs may live only a few minutes, and he may linger twenty-four hours, but he is rapidly growing weaker."

3:03 a. m.—Mr. Childs is dead.

Mr. Childs was probably as widely known as any man in the United States, and there can be no doubt that he was far the best known resident of Philadelphia. To all appearances, Childs was a robust man, yet his constitution was very delicate. He was of a highly nervous temperament and with the attack which proved the beginning of his last illness, came almost complete nervous prostration. Those who knew him best believed he was never a thoroughly contented man since the death of his boon companion and business partner, Anthony J. Drexel. They were almost inseparable in companionship, and it was a sad blow to have so near a friend carried off so suddenly.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 3.—The coal mines about Bellaire on the Ohio river are closed by a strike. Over 2000 people are out of employment. The cause is a cut in wages from 70 to 50 cents per ton.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 3.—Rev. J. W. Watson while conducting revival services at Yellow Springs, was called a fool and a liar by Sandy Pettiford, the village bully. Watson marched down the aisle, pulled Pettiford out of his pew, and gave him a good thrashing. The congregation finally interfered and Pettiford was led out of church, a wiser and better man.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Harry Seastie, 38 years old, and William Schaefer, 33 years old, were arraigned this morning on a charge of defrauding their employer, William Flannigan, a real estate agent, of 33 Bond street, out of \$20,000. They were arrested at the real estate office by a detective last evening and taken before Inspector McLaughlin. There they confessed to their guilt, and \$15,000 of the money has been recovered.

Legends That Failed to Work. The bright young man—who isn't so very young either—was fortunate enough to secure a seat right in the midst of Deacon Huggins's young ladies' Bible class and by their arch manners was so far decoyed from his usual staid indifference as to try and make himself agreeable.

The speaker of the evening pleaded most earnestly the cause of sweet charity and made the last remaining quarter and nickel burn in the scribble's pocket.

When the deadly contribution box began its gyrations in his aisle, the newspaper representative began to chuckle under the mellowing influence of a happy thought. He would execute a neat little piece oflegerdemain with that quarter and 5 cent piece, and while properly impressing his fair neighbors with the larger coin would really drop in the smaller.

He held the quarter daintily between his thumb and finger and pressed the 5 cent piece between his third finger and his palm. There was a click of a coin in the bottom of the box, a rather unusual twist of a large cuff and a bland smile on the reporter's face.

A second later the young man started as if he had been shot and turned excitedly toward the deacon, who was now two seats behind him.

He had dropped in the quarter! The deacon mistook the gesture as a sign that the young man had been over-looked, and again he thrust the box under the reporter's nose.

What did he do? Just what you would. He put in the nickel. And walked home.—Boston Herald.

Curiosities of Glycerin.

One of the great advantages of glycerin in its chemical employment is the fact that it neither freezes nor evaporates under any ordinary temperature. No perceptible loss by evaporation has been detected at a temperature less than 300 degrees F., but if heated intensely it decomposes with a small that few persons find themselves able to endure. It burns with a pale flame, similar to that from alcohol, it heated to about 800 degrees and then ignited. Its non-evaporative qualities make it the compound of much use as a vehicle for holding pigments and colors, as in stamping and typewriter ribbons, carbon papers and the like.

If the pure glycerine be exposed for a long time to a freezing temperature, it crystallizes with the appearance of sugar candy, but these crystals being once melted it is almost an impossibility to get them again into the congealed state. If a little water be added to the glycerine, no crystallization will take place, though under a sufficient degree of cold the water will separate and form crystals, amid which the glycerine will remain in its natural state of fluidity. If suddenly subjected to intense cold, pure glycerine will form a gummy mass which cannot be entirely hardened or crystallized. Altogether it is quite a peculiar substance.—Good Housekeeping.

Forewarned of Her Child's Death.

A few months after my father's death the infant son, who had been pining himself ill for "papa," was lying one night in his mother's arms. On the next morning she said to her sister, "Alf is going to die." The child had no definite disease, but was wasting away, and it was argued to her that the returning spring would restore the health lost during the winter. "No," was her answer. "He was lying asleep in my arms last night, and William (her husband) came to me and said that he wanted Alf with him, but that I might keep the other two." In vain she was assured that she had been dreaming; that it was quite natural that she should dream about her husband, and that her anxiety for the child had given the dream its shape. Nothing would persuade her that she had not seen her husband or that the information he had given her was not true. So it was no matter of surprise to her when in the following March her arms were empty and a waxen form lay lifeless in the baby's cot.—Mrs. Annie Beasant.

A Cheap Hot Luncheon.

The innovation made recently at the Business Woman's exchange of having hot soup and luncheon served to the numerous patrons is proving a very satisfactory enterprise. For the simplicity of two cents a hot noonday lunch is furnished the tired working girls, and though no revenue accrues to the exchange the directors feel more than repaid by the comfort given to the patrons.

—New Orleans Picayune.

After All, Work is Welcome.

Though it may seem hard to go back to the routine of household work or to the place in shop, office or schoolroom when vacation time is over, still if you are honest you will confess that occasional idleness is enchanting, but a continued period of it would drive you mad.—Philadelphia Times.

The Work of a Chinese Emperor.

Shunting, the last emperor of the Mongol race, described as an effeminate prince, with the physiognomy of a monkey, was a man of great mechanical skill, and amused himself with making models of automata and timepieces.

His chief work was a machine contained in a box 7 feet high and 3 1/2 feet wide, with three small temples on top. In the middle temple were fairies holding characters signifying the hours, one of which made her appearance each hour. Time was struck by a couple of gods, and it is said that they kept it very exactly.

In the side temples were representations of the sun and moon respectively, and from these planets issued, crossing a bridge to the middle temple, and after seemingly ascertaining the time of the day from the fairies returned again to their quarters. It is thought that the motions were affected by strings.—Boston Globe.

Destruction of Ants.

The ant is such an instructive creature, so industrious and so intelligent, that it seems almost an act of cruelty to suggest methods for their wholesale destruction, yet their interference with the cultivator is sometimes so unbearable that a correspondent is compelled to write to inquire how to get rid of them. Undoubtedly the best method, if it is not deemed too cruel, is to cut up meat into very small particles, saturate with deadly poison, and put it in their tracks, entirely secure from the reach of other creatures. There is no way so effective as this.—Meehan's Monthly.

An Enthusiastic Audience.

Bishop Talbot "let himself go" one evening when he was invited to address 300 Baltimore newsmen. He gave the boys a glorious talk, and when he finished there was not a gain in the hall who would not have fought for him, Marquis of Queensberry rules or otherwise. "You've got to fight against evil," he said, "and don't forget it, boys. We must fight against what is bad, just like Sullivan and—who was the other fellow? And the way in which the whole 300 yelled 'Corbett' was alone worth going a long distance to hear."—New York Tribune.

The Richest Man in the World.

The Chinese banker, Han Quay, is stated to be worth the almost inconceivable sum of \$350,000,000. A great number of the largest banks in the Chinese empire are believed to be under his control, and if his stated wealth be a fact (the truth there is no means of testing) he is unquestionably the richest man in the world.—London Tit-Bits.

Not an Unnatural Error.

Police Commissioner—Mr. McGobb, how did it happen that you let a raving lunatic go around terrorizing people on your beat for a whole afternoon? Officer McGobb—Sure I thought he was some felly payin' a lecture bet.—Indianapolis Journal.

Ticked Almost to Death.

Tommy Pooler, about nineteen years old, one of the nervous sort known as "jumping Frenchmen," was forcibly held by a young negro and tickled so severely that he burst a blood vessel. The commissioners of the District of Columbia have issued an order to the effect that all the theaters in Washington must be fitted throughout with electric lights.

Mr. Clarkson, of the national Republican committee, is not a general and does not like to be called by that title.

Pioche and Helene

STAGE LINE.

Semi-Weekly Trips between the two places. Leave Helene on Mondays and Thursdays at 7 a. m.; arrive at Pioche at 6 p. m. Returning, leave Pioche on Tuesdays and Saturdays after the arrival of the Northern mail.

Fare Each Way, - - \$5.00

Packages and small freight carried safely and delivered promptly.

J. A. DENTON, Prop'r.

MACHINE SHOP.

Having leased the Machine Shop of the Pioche Con. M. & R. Co., I am ready to undertake all kinds of machine work, at terms reasonable for Cash.

John O'Connor.

Pioche, January 25, 1894.

NOTICE.

To Whom it may Concern:

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the undersigned claims an interest, by virtue of the said land mining claim, situated in Yellow Pine Mining District, Lincoln county, Nevada, located by A. F. Shepherd and S. T. Dodge on the 19th day of September, 1893, and duly of record in the recorder's office of said Lincoln county, and all persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase said claim from said parties.

JAMES CLARK.

Dated Pioche, Nevada, January 4th, 1894.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING

AND

ALL KINDS OF SEWING.

MISS ANNA DUPONT

is ready to execute all kinds of this work and at reasonable prices for CASH.

Can be found on north side of Meadow Valley street below Cedar.

PIOCHE Drug Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the people of Pioche and Lincoln county that their New Drug Store, on Main street, two doors north of the Old Mercantile Store, is now open with a new stock.

Chemicals. Drugs. Medicine. Toilet Articles. PERFUMERY. HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES. SOAP, SPONGES, ETC., ETC.

...A LARGE VARIETY OF... Motions and Fancy Articles.

Physician's Prescriptions carefully compounded, day or night, and orders from abroad filled with care and dispatch by a competent druggist.

Dr. J. D. Campbell, PROPRIETOR. Chemical and Microscopic Examinations of Urine.

Calls Promptly Attended, Day or Night.

LOUIE KLEIN,

AT THE OLD Philadelphia Brewery Saloon

Main Street.

Keeps on hand a Better Grade of LIQUORS and CIGARS

than any house in town.

CALL AND SAMPLE THE STOCK.

JOHN SHERIDAN,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

First door north of the Old Fellow's Building, Main Street.

Repairing Promptly and Neatly Done

T. J. OSBORNE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Notary Public.

Office in MASONIC HALL, PIOCHE

Delinquent Tax Notice.

Auditor's Office:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE deposited with the District Attorney, in and for Lincoln County, Nevada, a certified list of all delinquent taxes as the same appears upon the assessment roll for the year A. D. 1893, the delinquency of which, exclusive of Poll taxes and Penalties, exceeds the sum of three hundred dollars, and that unless the delinquent taxes herein specified, are paid to the Treasurer or ex-Officio Tax Receiver within twenty days from the publication hereof, action will be commenced by the said District Attorney for the collection of said taxes and costs.

H. W. TURNER, County Auditor.

By ALEX. L. HARRISON, Deputy.

Dated, Pioche, Nevada, Dec. 29, 1893.

SUMMONS.

In Justice's Court, Pioche Township, of the County of Lincoln, State of Nevada, vs. J. Eisenmann Plaintiff, against Thomas Taylor Defendant.

The State of Nevada to Thomas Taylor, Greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Pioche Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office, in Pioche, on the 17th day of February A. D. 1894, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, to answer the complaint of J. Eisenmann wherein he claims to recover from you the sum of thirty-two and fifty-one hundredths dollars, and on account of interest and costs, and to answer and defend the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for the said sum of \$32.50 together with costs of suit.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 16th day of December, A. D. 1893, to answer the complaint of J. Eisenmann, Plaintiff, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinsou, Defendants.

The State of Nevada to D. Barthol and James Hutchinsou, greeting:

You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Helene Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office in Helene on the 24th day of February A. D. 1894, at two o'clock p. m. of that day, to answer the complaint of Daniel Rowder, Plaintiff, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinsou, Defendants, wherein he claims to recover from you the sum of one hundred and fifty-four and thirty-seven one hundredths dollars as a balance due on account for goods and merchandise herebefore sold and delivered to you by Plaintiff at your special instance and request as fully set forth in Plaintiff's complaint on file in my office.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for said sum of one hundred and fifty-four and thirty-seven one hundredths dollars and costs of suit.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 13th day of December, A. D. 1893.

SAMUEL REED, Justice of Peace of said Township.

Helene, Nevada, Dec. 13, 1893.—T. W.

SUMMONS.

In Justice's Court Helene Township, of the County of Lincoln, State of Nevada, vs. Daniel Rowder Plaintiff, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinsou, Defendants.

The State of Nevada to D. Barthol and James Hutchinsou, greeting:

You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Helene Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office in Helene on the 24th day of February A. D. 1894, at two o'clock p. m. of that day, to answer the complaint of Daniel Rowder, Plaintiff, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinsou, Defendants, wherein he claims to recover from you the sum of one hundred and fifty-four and thirty-seven one hundredths dollars as a balance due on account for goods and merchandise herebefore sold and delivered to you by Plaintiff at your special instance and request as fully set forth in Plaintiff's complaint on file in my office.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for said sum of one hundred and fifty-four and thirty-seven one hundredths dollars and costs of suit.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 13th day of December, A. D. 1893.

SAMUEL REED, Justice of Peace of said Township.

Helene, Nevada, Dec. 13, 1893.—T. W.



A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill St., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have used Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

SOCIETIES.

L. O. O. F.

PIOCHE LODGE NO. 23.

MEETS EVERY TUESDAY AT 7:30 o'clock in their hall on Main street. Visiting Brothers cordially invited to attend.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

A. O. U. W.

PIOCHE LODGE NO. 26.

THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF Pioche Lodge No. 26, A. O. U. W., are held in Odd Fellow's Hall every Wednesday evening, commencing at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.

H. J. GOEBEL, M. W.

J. A. CLARK, Recorder.

F. & A. M.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE NO. 18.

MEETS THE FOURTH SATURDAY in each month at Masonic Hall, on Lacour street. All visiting Brothers in good standing are invited to attend.

T. J. OSBORNE, Secretary.

E. D. TURNER, W. M.

DR. A. BJORNSON,

Physician and Surgeon

Office and Residence, at former residence of John Shier, Meadow Valley St., Pioche, - - Nevada.

B. L. DUNCAN,

Notary Public

FOR LINCOLN COUNTY.

HELENE, - - NEVADA.

H. E. FREUDENTHAL,

Notary - - Public.

Office in the County Assessor's room at the Court-house.

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Main Street, Pioche, Nevada,

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& MINING SUPPLIES,

Iron, Steel and Pumps, Belting, Packing

and Hose, Machinist's, Blacksmith

and Carpenter Tools, Steam

Water and Gas Pipe,

Guns, Rifles, Pistols and Ammunition, Cutlery of Every

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STOVES AND TINWARE,

Crockery and Glassware, Agricultural Implements

and Wagons, Hardwood and Wagon Material, Sash,

Doors and Blinds, Paints, Oils and Glass, Prepared

Iron Roofing, Pitch, Tar and Resin, Rope and Naval

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Complete Assortment of House Furnishing Goods.